## NAME:

## 610B Exam Cover Page

To be eligible for requesting a regrade, the exam must be written in ink.
No calculators of any sort allowed.
You have 3 hours to complete the exam.
CHEM 610B, 50995
Exam 1
Fall 2003
Instructor: Dr. Brian Pagenkopf

Email:

| Page | Points |
| :---: | :---: |
| 2 | 5 |
| 3 | 6 |
| 4 | 10 |
| 6 | 10 |
| 8 | 5 |
| 9 | 4 |
| 10 | 4 |
| 11 | 9 |
| 12 | 9 |
| 13 | 6 |
| 14 | 9 |
| 15 | 3 |
| 16 | 8 |
| 17 | 8 |
| 18 | 2 |
| 19 | 2 |
|  | 100 |



Periods
*Lanthanide series

| 58 | 59 | 60 | 61 | 62 | 63 | 64 | 65 | 66 | 67 | 68 | 69 | 70 | 71 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathbf{C e}$ | $\mathbf{P r}$ | $\mathbf{N d}$ | $\mathbf{P m}$ | $\mathbf{S m}$ | $\mathbf{E u}$ | $\mathbf{G d}$ | $\mathbf{T b}$ | $\mathbf{D y}$ | $\mathbf{H o}$ | $\mathbf{E r}$ | $\mathbf{T m}$ | $\mathbf{Y b}$ | $\mathbf{L u}$ |
| 140.12 | $\mathbf{1 4 0 . 9 0 7 7}$ | 144.24 | $(145)$ | 150.4 | 151.96 | 157.25 | 158.9254 | 162.50 | 164.9304 | 167.26 | 168.9342 | 173.04 | 174.967 |

$\dagger$ Actinide series

| 90 | 91 | 92 | 93 | 94 | 95 | 96 | 97 | 98 | 99 | 100 | 101 | 102 | 103 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathbf{T h}$ | $\mathbf{P a}$ | $\mathbf{U}$ | $\mathbf{N p}$ | $\mathbf{P u}$ | $\mathbf{A m}$ | $\mathbf{C m}$ | $\mathbf{B k}$ | $\mathbf{C f}$ | $\mathbf{E s}$ | $\mathbf{F m}$ | $\mathbf{M d}$ | $\mathbf{N o}$ | $\mathbf{\text { Lr }}$ |
| 232.0381 | 231.0359 | 238.029 | 237.0482 | $(244)$ | $(243)$ | $(247)$ | $(247)$ | $(251)$ | $(252)$ | $(257)$ | $(258)$ | $(259)$ | $(260)$ |

Question 1. (2 Points). What has the instructor said is the most important question in Organic Chemistry?

Question 2. Miscellaneous NMR questions.
(3 points) In the box below each molecule, indicate how many sets of equivalent hydrogens the molecule has. Each set will give rise to a different resonance signal in the ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR spectra.



(4 points) Predict the splitting of the indicated hydrogens (i.e., dt or $2 \times 3$ for doublet of triplets).

(2 points) For each pair of compounds, in which molecule would the bolded hydrogens resonate upfield (towards the right of the spectra, smaller ppm). Circle your answer.
a)


b)


(10 points) NMR. Propose a structural formula based on the following NMR information. Show your work, and account for the observed patterns of splitting.


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(10 points) NMR. Propose a structural formula based on the following NMR information. Show your work, and account for the observed patterns of splitting.


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(5 points) Nomenclature. Provide a structure for each of the following.
a. 1-bromocyclopentene
b. butylmagnesium chloride
c. 2-methyl-3-pentanone
d. 4-hydroxyhexanal
e. trans-2,3-dimethylcyclohexanecarbaldehyde
(4 points) There are two parts for each of the following questions. For the part a, show the expected products from the reaction. In your answer to part a assume a work-up and show the alcohol products, not the metal alkoxides. For part $\mathbf{b}$ of each question, show how the organometallic reagent used in part a can be made from any inorganic reagents you need and an organic molecule containing any combination of the following atoms: carbon, hydrogen, chlorine, bromine, iodine, oxygen or nitrogen.
a. Show the product from the following reaction
b. Show how to make the organometallic reagent

...continued (4 points).
a. Show the product from the following reaction
b. Show how to make the organometallic reagent

( 9 points) Show the expected products from the following reactions. You may assume the reaction is finished with a standard workup if needed.
a.

b.

c.

d.

e.


g.

h.

(9 points) Show the expected products from the following reactions.
a.

b.

c.

(3 points) Propose a synthesis of the following structure starting with a molecule of 6 carbons or less and any organic, organometallic or inorganic reagents. You may use triphenylphosphine (which contains more than 6 carbons) as a reagent in your synthesis.

(8 points) Each of the following alcohols can be prepared by both of the following reactions:
a) epoxide + organometallic reagent $\rightarrow$ alcohol
b) aldehyde or ketone + an organometallic reagent $\rightarrow$ alcohol

Propose two syntheses for following molecule starting from a) an epoxide and b) a carbonyl compound (aldehyde, ketone, etc.).

... continued (8 points) Propose two syntheses for following molecule starting from a) an epoxide and b) a carbonyl compound (aldehyde, ketone, etc.) and an organometallic reagent.

(4 points) Show the expected products from the following reactions. You may assume the reaction is finished with a standard workup if needed.
a.


b.

c.

d)


