

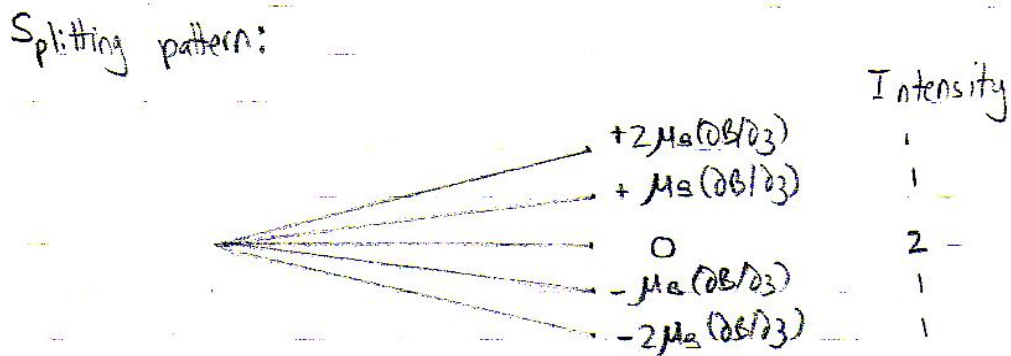
C4746 2007 Solutions Problem Set #5

① From class, force on beam $\equiv F = -\mu_B (m_l + 2m_s) (\partial B / \partial z)$
 $\mu_B = e\hbar / 2m_e > 0$ and $\partial B / \partial z > 0$

a)	n	l	m_l	m_s	deflection
	4	0	0	$+\frac{1}{2}$	$-\mu_B (\partial B / \partial z)$
				$-\frac{1}{2}$	$+\mu_B (\partial B / \partial z)$



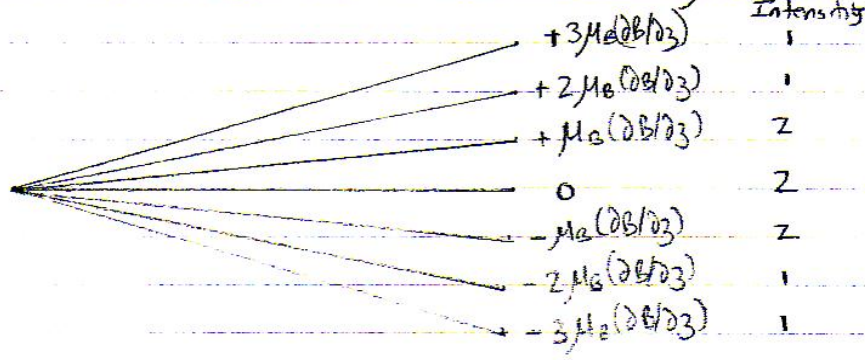
b)	n	l	m_l	m_s	deflection
	4	1	-1	$+\frac{1}{2}$	0
			-1	$-\frac{1}{2}$	$-2\mu_B (\partial B / \partial z)$
			0	$+\frac{1}{2}$	$+\mu_B (\partial B / \partial z)$
			0	$-\frac{1}{2}$	$-\mu_B (\partial B / \partial z)$
			+1	$+\frac{1}{2}$	$+2\mu_B (\partial B / \partial z)$
			+1	$-\frac{1}{2}$	0



c)

n	l	m_l	m_s	deflection
4	2	-2	$+\frac{1}{2}$	$\mu_B (\partial B / \partial z)$
		-2	$-\frac{1}{2}$	$3\mu_B (\partial B / \partial z)$
		-1	$+\frac{1}{2}$	0
		-1	$-\frac{1}{2}$	$2\mu_B (\partial B / \partial z)$
		0	$+\frac{1}{2}$	$-\mu_B (\partial B / \partial z)$
		0	$-\frac{1}{2}$	$\mu_B (\partial B / \partial z)$
		+1	$+\frac{1}{2}$	$-2\mu_B (\partial B / \partial z)$
		+1	$-\frac{1}{2}$	0
		+2	$+\frac{1}{2}$	$-3\mu_B (\partial B / \partial z)$
		+2	$-\frac{1}{2}$	$-\mu_B (\partial B / \partial z)$

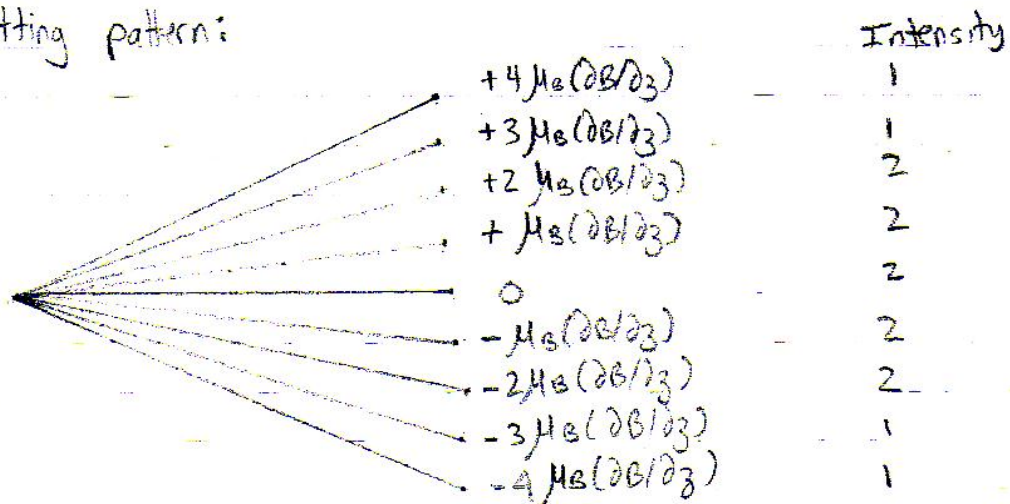
splitting pattern:



d)

n	l	m_l	m_s	deflection
4	3	-3	$+\frac{1}{2}$	$2\mu_B (\partial B / \partial z)$
		-3	$-\frac{1}{2}$	$4\mu_B (\partial B / \partial z)$
		-2	$+\frac{1}{2}$	$\mu_B (\partial B / \partial z)$
		-2	$-\frac{1}{2}$	$3\mu_B (\partial B / \partial z)$
		-1	$+\frac{1}{2}$	0
		-1	$-\frac{1}{2}$	$2\mu_B (\partial B / \partial z)$
		0	$+\frac{1}{2}$	$-\mu_B (\partial B / \partial z)$
		0	$-\frac{1}{2}$	$\mu_B (\partial B / \partial z)$
		+1	$+\frac{1}{2}$	$-2\mu_B (\partial B / \partial z)$
		+1	$-\frac{1}{2}$	0
		+2	$+\frac{1}{2}$	$-3\mu_B (\partial B / \partial z)$
		+2	$-\frac{1}{2}$	$-\mu_B (\partial B / \partial z)$
		+3	$+\frac{1}{2}$	$-4\mu_B (\partial B / \partial z)$
		+3	$-\frac{1}{2}$	$-2\mu_B (\partial B / \partial z)$

Splitting pattern:



2) a) Can relate Kinetic energy to the thermal energy
 $\Rightarrow \frac{1}{2} m v_x^2 = 2 k_B T$

$$\therefore v_x = \sqrt{\frac{4 k_B T}{m}} = \sqrt{\frac{(4)(1.38 \times 10^{-23} \text{ J K}^{-1})(400 \text{ K})}{(1.0079 \times 10^{-3} \text{ kg}) / N_{\text{Avogadro}}} = 6.222 \times 10^{23} \text{ mol}^{-1}}$$

$$= 3633.012 \text{ ms}^{-1}$$

b) The time, t , the atom experiences the transverse force in traveling through the magnet of length x is

$$t = x / v_x = (1 \text{ m}) / (3633.02 \text{ ms}^{-1}) = 2.752 \times 10^{-4} \text{ s} = 0.27 \text{ ms}$$

c) From class, the transverse force due to the inhomogeneous \vec{B} field $\equiv \vec{F}_z = -\mu_B (m_l + 2m_s) (\partial B / \partial z)$

$$m_l = 0, m_s = \pm \frac{1}{2} \Rightarrow \vec{F}_z = \mp \mu_B (\partial B / \partial z) = m a_z$$

$$\therefore a_z = \mp \frac{\mu_B (\partial B / \partial z)}{m} = \mp \frac{(9.27408 \times 10^{-24} \text{ J T}^{-1})(10 \text{ T/m})}{(1.0079 \times 10^{-3} \text{ kg}) / (6.02205 \times 10^{23} \text{ mol}^{-1})}$$

$$= \mp 5.541 \times 10^4 \text{ ms}^{-2}$$

(3)

d) The transverse deflection $z = \frac{1}{2} a_z t^2$
 $= \pm \frac{1}{2} (5.541 \times 10^4 \text{ ms}^{-2}) (2.952 \times 10^{-4} \text{ s})^2$
 $= \pm 2.1 \times 10^{-3} \text{ m} = \pm 2.1 \text{ mm}$

e) - easily fits onto a postcard!

③ From class $E_{n, m_l, m_s} = E_n^{(0)} + E_{\text{zeeman}}^{(1)}$
 $= -e^2 / 2n^2 a_0 + \mu_B B (m_l + 2m_s)$

n	l	m_l	m_s	$E_{\text{zeeman}}^{(1)}$
1	0	0	$\pm \frac{1}{2}$	$\pm \mu_B B$
3	0	0	$\pm \frac{1}{2}$	$\pm \mu_B B$
		1	$-1, -\frac{1}{2}$	0, $-2\mu_B B$
	1	0	$+\frac{1}{2}, -\frac{1}{2}$	$\mu_B B, -\mu_B B$
		1	$+\frac{1}{2}, -\frac{1}{2}$	$2\mu_B B, 0$
		2	$+\frac{1}{2}, -\frac{1}{2}$	$-\mu_B B, -3\mu_B B$
		-1	$+\frac{1}{2}, -\frac{1}{2}$	0, $-2\mu_B B$
		0	$+\frac{1}{2}, -\frac{1}{2}$	$\mu_B B, -\mu_B B$
		1	$+\frac{1}{2}, -\frac{1}{2}$	$2\mu_B B, 0$
	2	1	$+\frac{1}{2}, -\frac{1}{2}$	$3\mu_B B, \mu_B B$
		2	$+\frac{1}{2}, -\frac{1}{2}$	$3\mu_B B, \mu_B B$

④

recall $\mu_B = \frac{e\hbar}{2m_e} > 0$

b) c)
Cont'd

$n=1 \rightarrow n=3$

$n=3$

