James Joyce's Ulysses

English 4520F Michael Groden mgroden@uwo.ca classes: UC 282 Mondays 7:00-10:00 Sept. 9, 2013

http://instruct.uwo.ca/english/4520f/

texts

required:

Ulysses: The Gabler Edition
Dubliners (any edition)
A Portrait of the Artist as a Young Man (any edition)
optional:

Harry Blamires, *The New Bloomsday Book*Don Gifford & Robert Seidman, *Ulysses Annotated Finnegans Wake* (any edition)
+ online notes on *Ulysses*:
http://publish.uwo.ca/~mgroden/notes/

course Web site: http://instruct.uwo.ca/english/4520f/

+ online notes on *Ulysses* http://publish.uwo.ca/~mgroden/notes/

online text of *Ulysses* http://www.trentu.ca/faculty/jjoyce/

concordance text for *Ulysses*http://www.doc.ic.ac.uk/~rac101/concord/texts/
ulysses/

"In many ways Joyce invented Dublin, and those of us living there now have to live in it according to his myopic lens."

Edward Barrington Irish Ambassador to UK opening remarks at James Joyce Symposium, London, June 2000

Ulysses

Ezra Pound (1922): "All men should 'Unite to give praise to Ulysses'; those who will not, may consider themselves with a place in the lower intellectual orders."

T.S. Eliot (1922): Ulysses has "the importance of a scientific discovery." It is "a step towards making the modern world possible for art."

Ulysses

"It is always worth testing out any literary theory by asking: How would it work with Joyce's Finnegans Wake [and Ulysses]?" (Terry Eagleton, Literary Theory: An Introduction)

Ulysses

"Ulysses is hopeless. It is absurd to imagine that any good end can be served by trying to record every single thought and sensation of any human being. That's not art. It's like trying to copy the London Directory." George Moore (Irish novelist) in 1922

Ulysses

Shane Leslie (1922): "As a whole, the book must remain impossible to read. . . It is experimental, anti-conventional, anti-Christian, chaotic, totally unmoral."

anonymous review in The Sporting Times (Dublin 1922): Ulysses "appears to have been written by a perverted lunatic who has made a specialty of the literature of the latrine."

Ulysses (1)

publication February 2, 1922

Joyce wrote Ulysses between 1914 and 1922

declared obscene in U.S. in January 1921 (judgment reversed in

December 1933)

Ulysses published on Joyce's 40th birthday by Shakespeare and

Company in Paris (732 pages)

June 16, 1904 time span

Arnold Bennett called June 16, 1904 "the dailiest day possible" Bloomsday

location

Joyce to Frank Budgen: "I want to give a picture of Dublin so complete that if the city one day suddenly disappeared from the earth it could be reconstructed out of my book."

Ulysses (2)

working-class / lower-middle-class class

Leopold Bloom, Molly Bloom, Stephen Dedalus characters

style interior monologue, stream of consciousness

Joyce: "the initial style" - then new styles and techniques

title Ulysses Homer's Odyssey

James Joyce 1882-1941 (1)

1882 born February 2 in Dublin 1888 enters Clongowes Wood College 1891 death of Charles Stewart Parnell 1893-98 Belvedere College in Dublin 1898-1902 begins University College Dublin 1900 "Ibsen's New Drama" in Fortnightly Review 1902 BA from UCD, to Paris to study medicine 1904 back in Dublin, death of mother, teaches school, first Dubliners stories, starts novel Stephen Hero, meets Nora Barnacle, they leave - unmarried - for continent

James Joyce 1882-1941 (2)

1905-7 to Trieste - son Giorgio, daughter Lucia - more Dubliners stories, continues Stephen Hero 1905-14 attempts to publish Dubliners 1907 Chamber Music (poems) published 1910-14 reworks Stephen Hero into A Portrait of the Artist as a Young Man - meets Ezra Pound 1914 Dubliners published - Portrait serialized in The Egoist - starts Ulysses, but puts it aside for play Exiles World War I (to Zurich in 1915; war lasts to 1918) 1916 Portrait published

James Joyce 1882-1941 (3)

1915-22: writes *Ulysses* (*Little Review* 1918-20 until court case stops it, book Feb. 2, 1922, Joyce's 40th birthday)

1915-18: in Zurich, Switzerland

1916: Easter Rising in Dublin

1918: play Exiles performed

1918: return to Trieste (part of Italy)

1919: Irish War of Independence begins (to 1922)

1920: to Paris

1922: finishes *Ulysses*, published on 40th birthday (February 2)

James Joyce 1882-1941 (4)

Published works:

Chamber Music (poems) (1907)

Dubliners (1914)

A Portrait of the Artist as a Young Man (1916)

Exiles (play) (1918)

Ulysses (1922)

Pomes Penyeach (poems) (1927)

Collected Poems (Chamber Music, Pomes Penyeach, and

"Ecce Puer"; 1936)

Finnegans Wake (1939)

James Joyce 1882-1941 (5)

Posthumous works:

Stephen Hero (early version of A Portrait of the Artist as a Young Man; written 1904-06, published 1944, 1963)

Critical Writings (1959); Occasional, Critical, and Political Writing (2000) - essays and book reviews, mostly from before 1910

Letters (volume 1, 1957; volumes 2-3, 1966; Selected Letters, 1975)

Giacomo Joyce (short sketch from 1914, published 1968) translation of Gerhart Hauptmann's 1889 play *Before* Sunrise (translated 1901, published 1978)

"The Cat and the Devil" (1964) and "The Cats of Copenhagen" (2012) – sketches for children, in letters written in August 1936