James Joyce's Ulysses

English 9014A
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classes: UC 377
Tuesdays 3:30-6:20
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http://instruct.uwo.ca/english/9014a/

texts

required:

Dubliners (any edition)

A Portrait of the Artist as a Young

Man (any edition)

Ulysses: The Gabler Edition

optional:

Finnegans Wake
Gifford-Seidman, Ulysses Annotated
Blamires, The Bloomsday Book

course Web site: http://instruct.uwo.ca/english/9014a/

online notes on *Ulysses* http://publish.uwo.ca/~mgroden/notes/

online text of *Ulysses* http://www.trentu.ca/faculty/jjoyce/

concordance text for *Ulysses*http://www.doc.ic.ac.uk/~rac101/concord/
texts/ulysses/

"In many ways Joyce invented Dublin, and those of us living there now have to live in it according to his myopic lens."

Edward Barrington Irish Ambassador to UK opening remarks at James Joyce Symposium, London, June 2000

Ulysses

Ezra Pound (1922): "All men should 'Unite to give praise to Ulysses'; those who will not, may consider themselves with a place in the lower intellectual orders."

T.S. Eliot (1922): Ulysses has "the importance of a scientific discovery." It is "a step towards making the modern world possible for art."

Ulysses

Shane Leslie (1922): "As a whole, the book must remain impossible to read. . . It is experimental, anti-conventional, anti-Christian, chaotic, totally unmoral."

anonymous review in *The Sporting Times* (Dublin 1922): *Ulysses* "appears to have been written by a perverted lunatic who has made a specialty of the literature of the latrine."

Ulysses

"It is always worth testing out any literary theory by asking: How would it work with Joyce's Finnegans Wake [and Ulysses]?" (Terry Eagleton, Literary Theory: An Introduction)

James Joyce 1882-1941

1882 born February 2 in Dublin
1888 enters Clongowes Wood College
1891 death of Charles Stewart Parnell
1893-98 Belvedere College in Dublin
1898-1902 begins University College Dublin
1900 "Ibsen's New Drama" in Fortnightly Review
1902 BA from UCD, to Paris to study medicine
1904 back in Dublin, death of mother, teaches school, first Dubliners stories, starts novel Stephen Hero, meets Nora Barnacle, they leave - unmarried - for continent

James Joyce 1882-1941

1905-7 to Trieste - son Giorgio, daughter Lucia - more Dubliners stories, continues Stephen Hero
1905-14 attempts to publish Dubliners
1907 Chamber Music (poems) published
1910-14 reworks Stephen Hero into A Portrait of the Artist as a Young Man - meets Ezra Pound
1914 Dubliners published - Portrait serialized in The Egoist - starts Ulysses, but puts it aside for play Exiles - World War I (to Zurich in 1915; war lasts to 1918)
1916 Portrait published

James Joyce 1914-1922

1915-22: writes *Ulysses (Little Review* 1918-20 until court case stops it, book Feb. 2, 1922, Joyce's 40th birthday)

1915-18: in Zurich, Switzerland

1916: Easter Rising in Dublin

1918: play Exiles performed

1918: return to Trieste (part of Italy)

1919: Irish War of Independence begins (to 1922)

1920: to Paris

1922: finishes *Ulysses*, published on 40th birthday (February 2)

James Joyce 1882-1941

Published works:

Chamber Music (poems) (1907)

Dubliners (1914)

A Portrait of the Artist as a Young Man (1916)

Exiles (play) (1918)

Ulysses (1922)

Pomes Penyeach (poems) (1927)

Collected Poems (Chamber Music, Pomes Penyeach, and "Ecce Puer"; 1936)

Finnegans Wake (1939)

James Joyce 1882-1941

Posthumous works:

Stephen Hero (early version of A Portrait of the Artist as a Young Man; written 1904-06, published 1944, 1963)

Critical Writings (1959); Occasional, Critical, and Political Writing (2000) - essays and book reviews, mostly from before 1910

Letters (volume 1, 1957; volumes 2-3, 1966; Selected Letters, 1975)

Giacomo Joyce (short sketch from 1914, published 1968) translation of Gerhart Hauptmann's 1889 play *Before* Sunrise (translated 1901, published 1978)

publishing history of Dubliners

1904: Irish Homestead: "The Sisters" (Aug 13), "Eveline" (Sept 10), "After the Race" (Dec 17)

1905: sends 12 stories to Grant Richards (London)

1906: Richards accepts book in February

then (2 stories added) rejects it in September

1909: Maunsel & Co. (Dublin) accepts full book

1910: Maunsel pulls proofs but delays publication

1912: deal collapses; proofs destroyed

1905-14: 15+ publishers reject book (4 twice)

1914: Grant Richards accepts Dubliners again and publishes it in June

Austrian Archduke Franz Ferdinand assassinated June 28, war (World War I) declared July 28

the problem(s)? [also *Dubliners* pp. 186-89]

names real business establishments:

O' Neill's, Davy Byrne's, Scotch House, Mulligan's ("Counterparts," pp. 68, 71, 72, 72)

refers to public figures:

-But after all now, said Mr Lyons argumentatively, King

Edward's life, you know, is not the very -Let bygones be bygones, said Mr Henchy. I admire the man personally. He's just an ordinary knockabout like you and me. He's fond of his glass of grog and he's a bit of a rake, perhaps, and he's a good sportsman. Damn it, can't we Irish play fair?

("Ivy Day in the Committee Room," p. 102)

but Jack kept shouting at him that if any fellow tried that sort of a game on with his sister he'd bloody well put his teeth down his ("The Boarding House," p. 51) throat, so he would.

-At dinner, you know. Then he has a bloody big bowl of cabbage before him on the table and a bloody big spoon like a shovel...
("Grace," pp. 125-26)

Dubliners: from Joyce's letters 1

"I call the series Dubliners to betray the soul of that hemiplegia or paralysis which many consider a city."

> (letter to friend Constantine Curran, **August 1904)**

Dubliners: from Joyce's letters 2

"I think people might be willing to pay for the special odour of corruption which, I hope, floats over my stories."

> (letter to publisher Grant Richards, October 15, 1905)

Dubliners: from Joyce's letters 3

"My intention was to write a chapter of the moral history of my country and I chose **Dublin for the scene because that city** seemed to me the centre of paralysis.

(letter to publisher Grant Richards, May 5, 1906)

Dubliners: from Joyce's letters 4

"I have written it for the most part in a style of scrupulous meanness and with the conviction that he is a very bold man who dares to alter in the presentment, still more to deform, whatever he has seen and heard."

> (letter to publisher Grant Richards, May 5, 1906)

Dubliners: from Joyce's letters 5

"I seriously believe that you will retard the course of civilisation in Ireland by preventing the Irish people from having one good look at themselves in my nicely polished looking-glass."

(letter to publisher Grant Richards, June 23, 1906)

"The Sisters": "gnomon" (1) "That part of a parallelogram which remains after a similar parallelogram is taken away from one of its corners" (OED)

"The Sisters": "gnomon" (2)

gnomon (= "indicator,"
"that which reveals") and sundial



The gnomon is the triangular blade in this sundial

"The Sisters": "gnomon" (3)

gnomon and fractals (self-similarity)

